Regional HIV/AIDS Epidemiologic Profile of Central Health Service Region (HSR), Massachusetts: 2015

Recent changes to the presentation of Massachusetts HIV/AIDS surveillance data

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH), Bureau of Infectious Disease, HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports and other HIV data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts. As of January 1, 2015, this resulted in the removal of 4,401 HIV/AIDS cases, of which 1,021 have died and 3,380 were living. These persons living with HIV/AIDS may still continue to reside and receive care in the Commonwealth. The total number of persons living with HIV/AIDS, irrespective of location at diagnosis, is the basis for MDPH service planning. Please note that previous HIV/AIDS fact sheets, data reports and presentations included cases that may have been first diagnosed in another state.

Also effective January 1, 2011, the MDPH HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports. and other data presentations have been updated to eliminate the presumed heterosexual risk category for men; those cases have been reassigned to the no identified risk (NIR) category. The presumed heterosexual risk category was used with the intention of identifying HIV risk for women when sex with men is the only reported risk factor, there is no evidence of current or past injection drug use (IDU), and behavioral risk and HIV status information about male sexual partners are unknown. The application of the presumed heterosexual risk category to men is overly inclusive in that woman to man HIV transmission is biologically less probable, and there are alternate risks that are possible for men, including sex with other men (MSM) or IDU. The CDC reports men diagnosed with HIV/AIDS who report sex with women as their only risk factor, without corresponding partner risk or HIV status information, in the NIR category. This revision to report presumed heterosexual male HIV/AIDS cases as NIR will bring Massachusetts HIV/AIDS case reporting for men in alignment with CDC standards. The MDPH will maintain presumed heterosexual and heterosexual risk categories for women.

Table 1. Total number of people reported with HIV infection or AIDS¹ by mortality status on December 31, 2014: Central HSR, Massachusetts²

| | N | % |
|---|-------|------|
| | | |
| People Living with HIV/AIDS | 1,654 | 59% |
| People Reported with HIV or AIDS who are Deceased | 1,138 | 41% |
| Total Number of People Reported with HIV Infection or | | |
| AIDS | 2,792 | 100% |
| | | |

¹ Does not include individuals diagnosed with HIV infection (non-AIDS) who died prior to January 1, 1999 or who were not in care on January 1, 1999

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/15

Table 2. Average annual rate of HIV infection diagnosis from 2011 to 2013 and HIV/AIDS prevalence rate on 12/31/14¹: Central HSR, Massachusetts²

| Average annual HIV diagnosis rate from 2011–2013 | Average rate per 100,000 | Average annual number of HIV diagnoses |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Central HSR, MA | 6.4 | 55.0 |
| Massachusetts Total | 10.7 | 701.3 |

| HIV/AIDS prevalence rate | | Number of people |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| on 12/31/14 | Rate per 100,000 | living with HIV/AIDS |
| Central HSR, MA | 192.8 | 1,654 |
| Massachusetts Total | 301.5 | 19,737 |

¹ The denominators for rate calculations are from the MDPH Massachusetts Race Allocated Census 2010 Estimates (MRACE 2010), Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research, and Evaluation.

² Effective, January 1, 2011 the Massachusetts Department of Public Health, HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/15

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 3. People living with HIV/AIDS¹, deaths among people reported with HIV/AIDS, and newly diagnosed HIV infections by year²: 2004–2013, Central HSR, Massachusetts³

| Year | HIV/AIDS Prevalence | Deaths among those with HIV/AIDS | Diagnosis of HIV Infection |
|------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2004 | 4.222 | 40 | 0.4 |
| 2004 | 1,322 | 42 | 84 |
| 2005 | 1,352 | 42 | 72 |
| 2006 | 1,401 | 32 | 81 |
| 2007 | 1,431 | 30 | 60 |
| 2008 | 1,461 | 28 | 58 |
| 2009 | 1,489 | 28 | 56 |
| 2010 | 1,526 | 23 | 60 |
| 2011 | 1,571 | 16 | 61 |
| 2012 | 1,602 | 26 | 57 |
| 2013 | 1,632 | 17 | 47 |

¹ Number of people living with HIV/AIDS on 12/31 of each year

Data source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/15

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 4. People diagnosed with HIV infection from 2011–2013¹ and people living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2014 by gender, place of birth, race/ethnicity, exposure mode, age at HIV infection diagnosis and current age: Central HSR, Massachusetts²

| | HIV Infection Diagr | noses | PLWH/A | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------|--|
| Gender: | N | % | N | % | |
| Male | 111 | 67% | 1,036 | 63% | |
| Female | 54 | 33% | 618 | 37% | |
| Place of Birth: | N | % | N | % | |
| US | 87 | 53% | 997 | 60% | |
| Puerto Rico/US Dependency ³ | 19 | 12% | 287 | 17% | |
| Non-US | 59 | 36% | 370 | 22% | |
| Race/Ethnicity: | N | % | N | % | |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 56 | 34% | 685 | 41% | |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 55 | 33% | 430 | 26% | |
| Hispanic/Latino | 46 | 28% | 498 | 30% | |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 5 | 3% | 29 | 2% | |
| Exposure Mode: | N | % | N | % | |
| Male-to-male sex (MSM) | 61 | 37% | 437 | 26% | |
| Injection Drug Use (IDU) | 17 | 10% | 424 | 26% | |
| MSM/IDU | ⁷ | ⁷ | 51 | 3% | |
| Heterosexual Sex | 20 | 12% | 297 | 18% | |
| Other | ⁷ | ⁷ | 48 | 3% | |
| Total Undetermined | 62 | 38% | 397 | 24% | |
| Presumed Heterosexual Sex⁴ | 30 | 18% | 192 | 12% | |
| Undetermined⁵ | 32 | 19% | 205 | 12% | |
| Age: | N | % | N | % | |
| | At Diagnosis | | On December 31, | | |
| Under 13 | 1 | 1% | 3 | <1% | |
| 13 to 19 | 6 | 4% | 4 | <1% | |
| 20 to 24 | 20 | 12% | 26 | 2% | |
| 25 to 29 | 18 | 11% | 59 | 4% | |
| 30 to 34 | 26 | 16% | 73 | 4% | |
| 35 to 39 | 24 | 15% | 109 | 7% | |
| 40 to 44 | 22 | 13% | 173 | 10% | |
| 45 to 49 | 20 | 12% | 252 | 15% | |
| 50 to 54 | 16 | 10% | 355 | 21% | |
| 55 to 59 | 8 | 5% | 295 | 18% | |
| 60+ | 4 | 2% | 305 | 18% | |
| Total ⁶ | 165 | 100% | 1,654 | 100% | |

¹ Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available three-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

³ Ninety-nine percent of people diagnosed with HIV infection from 2011–2013 who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, <1% were born in the US Virgin Islands.

⁴ Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

⁵ Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

⁶ Total includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

⁷ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.

Table 5. People living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2014 by gender and race/ethnicity: Central HSR, Massachusetts¹

| | Male | Female | | |
|------------------------|-------|--------|-----|------|
| Race/Ethnicity: | N | % | N | % |
| | | | | |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 515 | 50% | 170 | 28% |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 206 | 20% | 224 | 36% |
| Hispanic/Latino | 284 | 27% | 214 | 35% |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 24 | 2% | 5 | 1% |
| Total ² | 1,036 | 100% | 618 | 100% |

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

² Total includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

Table 6. People living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2014 by gender and exposure mode: Central HSR, Massachusetts¹

| | Male | | Female | | |
|---|-------|------|--------|------|--|
| Exposure Mode: | N | % | N | % | |
| Male-to-male sex (MSM) | 437 | 42% | N/A | N/A | |
| Injection drug use (IDU) | 258 | 25% | 166 | 27% | |
| MSM/IDU | 51 | 5% | N/A | N/A | |
| Heterosexual sex | 81 | 8% | 216 | 35% | |
| Other | 26 | 3% | 22 | 4% | |
| Total Undetermined | 183 | 18% | 214 | 35% | |
| Presumed heterosexual sex² | N/A | N/A | 192 | 31% | |
| Undetermined³ | 183 | 18% | 22 | 4% | |
| Total | 1,036 | 100% | 618 | 100% | |

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of

² Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

³ Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/15

Table 7. People diagnosed with HIV infection by gender and year of diagnosis: Central HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2004–2013²

| | Male | | Female | | |
|------|------|-----|--------|-----|-------|
| | N | % | N | % | Total |
| | | | | | |
| 2004 | 50 | 60% | 34 | 40% | 84 |
| 2005 | 51 | 71% | 21 | 29% | 72 |
| 2006 | 50 | 62% | 31 | 38% | 81 |
| 2007 | 37 | 62% | 23 | 38% | 60 |
| 2008 | 33 | 57% | 25 | 43% | 58 |
| 2009 | 41 | 73% | 15 | 27% | 56 |
| 2010 | 35 | 58% | 25 | 42% | 60 |
| 2011 | 39 | 64% | 22 | 36% | 61 |
| 2012 | 40 | 70% | 17 | 30% | 57 |
| 2013 | 32 | 68% | 15 | 32% | 47 |
| | | | | | |

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 8. People diagnosed with HIV infection by race/ethnicity and year of diagnosis: Central HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2004–2013²

| | White Non-Hi | spanic | Black Non-Hispanic | | Hispanic/La | atino | Total ³ |
|------|--------------|--------|--------------------|-----|-------------|-------|--------------------|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N |
| 2004 | 34 | 40% | 24 | 29% | 24 | 29% | 84 |
| 2005 | 31 | 43% | 22 | 31% | 17 | 24% | 72 |
| 2006 | 24 | 30% | 31 | 38% | 22 | 27% | 81 |
| 2007 | 25 | 42% | 22 | 37% | 12 | 20% | 60 |
| 2008 | 24 | 41% | 16 | 28% | 16 | 28% | 58 |
| 2009 | 20 | 36% | 21 | 38% | 13 | 23% | 56 |
| 2010 | 20 | 33% | 27 | 45% | 11 | 18% | 60 |
| 2011 | 20 | 33% | 19 | 31% | 19 | 31% | 61 |
| 2012 | 20 | 35% | 17 | 30% | 16 | 28% | 57 |
| 2013 | 16 | 34% | 19 | 40% | 11 | 23% | 47 |

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Totals include Asian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaskan Native individuals, and those of other or undetermined race/ethnicity.

Table 9. People diagnosed with HIV infection by place of birth and year of diagnosis: Central HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2004–2013²

| | US | | Puerto F US Depend | ^ | Non-U | IS | Total |
|------|----|-----|-----------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N |
| 2004 | 45 | 54% | 14 | 17% | 25 | 30% | 84 |
| 2005 | 37 | 51% | 12 | 17% | 23 | 32% | 72 |
| 2006 | 39 | 48% | 12 | 15% | 30 | 37% | 81 |
| 2007 | 31 | 52% | 6 | 10% | 23 | 38% | 60 |
| 2008 | 30 | 52% | 13 | 22% | 15 | 26% | 58 |
| 2009 | 35 | 63% | 6 | 11% | 15 | 27% | 56 |
| 2010 | 30 | 50% | 5 | 8% | 25 | 42% | 60 |
| 2011 | 35 | 57% | 7 | 11% | 19 | 31% | 61 |
| 2012 | 28 | 49% | 9 | 16% | 20 | 35% | 57 |
| 2013 | 24 | 51% | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 47 |

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for

the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Ninety-eight percent of people living with HIV/AIDS in MA who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, 2% were born in US minor outlying areas ,<1% were born in the US Virgin Islands, and <1% were born in Guam.

4 Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values

may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.

Table 10. People diagnosed with HIV infection by exposure mode and year of diagnosis: Central HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2004–2013²

| | MS | M | ID | U | MS ID | | HT | SX | Oth | ner | Pre HTS | | | eter- ied ⁴ | Total |
|------|----|-----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----|---------------------------|-------|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N |
| 2004 | 17 | 20% | 19 | 23% | ⁵ | 5 | 23 | 27% | 5 | <u></u> 5 | 14 | 17% | 9 | 11% | 84 |
| 2005 | 26 | 36% | 16 | 22% | Ō | 0% | 7 | 10% | Ō | 0% | 13 | 18% | 10 | 14% | 72 |
| 2006 | 24 | 30% | 11 | 14% | ⁵ | ⁵ | 12 | 15% | 5 | 5 | 18 | 22% | 15 | 19% | 81 |
| 2007 | 22 | 37% | 8 | 13% | Õ | 0% | 8 | 13% | Õ | 0% | 12 | 20% | 10 | 17% | 60 |
| 2008 | 15 | 26% | 11 | 19% | 5 | 5 | 11 | 19% | 5 | 5 | 9 | 16% | 11 | 19% | 58 |
| 2009 | 22 | 39% | <u></u> 5 | ⁵ | ⁵ | ⁵ | 10 | 18% | ⁵ | ⁵ | ⁵ | ⁵ | 11 | 20% | 56 |
| 2010 | 16 | 27% | 6 | 10% | 5 | 5 | 10 | 17% | 5 | 5 | 13 | 22% | 12 | 20% | 60 |
| 2011 | 17 | 28% | 8 | 13% | 5 | ⁵ | 15 | 25% | ⁵ | ⁵ | 7 | 11% | 13 | 21% | 61 |
| 2012 | 26 | 46% | 6 | 11% | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 14 | 25% | 8 | 14% | 57 |
| 2013 | 18 | 38% | ⁵ | 9 | 19% | 11 | 23% | 47 |

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

5 Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be

suppressed to prevent back calculation.

MSM = Male-to-Male Sex; IDU = Injection Drug Use; MSM/IDU = Male-to-Male Sex and Injection Drug Use; HTSX = Heterosexual Sex; Pres. HTSX = Presumed Heterosexual Sex

Table 11. People diagnosed with HIV infection and AIDS within two months and all people diagnosed with HIV infection by year of diagnosis: Central HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2004–2013²

| | HIV and AIDS diagnosed within two months | All HIV infection diagnoses | % diagnosed with HIV and AIDS within two months |
|-------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Year: | N | N | % |
| | | | |
| 2004 | 31 | 84 | 37% |
| 2005 | 28 | 72 | 39% |
| 2006 | 28 | 81 | 35% |
| 2007 | 25 | 60 | 42% |
| 2008 | 27 | 58 | 47% |
| 2009 | 19 | 56 | 34% |
| 2010 | 19 | 60 | 32% |
| 2011 | 22 | 61 | 36% |
| 2012 | 19 | 57 | 33% |
| 2013 | 13 | 47 | 28% |
| | | | |

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999. Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/15

Table 12. People diagnosed with HIV infection and AIDS within two months and all people diagnosed with HIV infection by gender, race/ethnicity, and place of birth: Central HSR, Massachusetts, 2011–2013

| | HIV and AIDS diagnosed | | % diagnosed with HIV and |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | within two | All HIV infection | AIDS within two |
| | months | diagnoses | months |
| Gender: | N | N | % |
| Male | 39 | 111 | 35% |
| | | | |
| Female | 15 | 54 | 28% |
| Race/Ethnicity: | N | N | % |
| | | | |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 17 | 56 | 30% |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 22 | 55 | 40% |
| Hispanic/Latino | 13 ⁵ ⁵ | 46 | 28% |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 5 | 46 ⁵ ⁵ | <u></u> 5 |
| Other/Undetermined ³ | ⁵ | ⁵ | <u>-</u> -5 |
| Place of Birth: | N | N | % |
| Place of Birtin. | IN | <u>IN</u> | 70 |
| US | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Puerto Rico/US Dependencies ⁴ | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Non-US | 25 | 59 | 42% |
| Total | 54 | 165 | 33% |

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

before being reported in Massachusetts.

Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available three-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999. Includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

⁴ Ninety-nine percent of people diagnosed with HIV infection from 2011–2013 who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico. <1% were born in the US Virgin Islands.

born in Puerto Rico, <1% were born in the US Virgin Islands.

⁵ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.